1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA							
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)							
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE							
4 5	FOR SENATE BILL NO. 862 By: Wingard, Grellner, Sacchieri, Jett, Bullard, and Hamilton of the Senate							
6	and							
7	West (Kevin) of the House							
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LO	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE							
1	An Act relating to emergency management; stating role							
L2	of government in emergencies; stating scope of government authority; prohibiting certain actions; creating felony offense; listing additional punishments; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.							
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L 6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:							
L7	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified							
18	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 683.24C of Title 63, unless							
L 9	there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:							
20	A. The constitutional role of government personnel, elected and							
21	employed, and all government agencies, during emergencies and							
22	disasters, is to aid residents of this state.							
23	B. All government personnel, elected and employed, and all							
24	government agencies have no authority to subvert the constitutional							

1 rights of the residents of this state, even during times of 2 emergency or disaster.

- C. All government personnel, elected and employed, and all government agencies are prohibited from enacting or imposing any actions subverting the constitutional rights of the residents of this state, even during times of emergency or disaster.
- D. Examples of actions that shall be considered subversions of constitutional rights shall include:
- Requiring or compelling residents to receive a shot,
 vaccine, inoculation, or any other medical treatment;
- 2. Requiring or compelling residents to wear a mask or medical device, with the exception of first responders and medical personnel;
 - 3. Restricting any right to medical treatment based on vaccination status, confiscating personal property, restricting constitutional freedoms, or restraining a patient involuntarily unless otherwise required by law;
 - 4. Requiring or compelling residents to show any documentation of vaccination status that was not already required by law prior to the emergency or disaster;
- 5. Imposing any unconstitutional law, regulation, or residents that was not codified in law prior to the emergency or disaster;

6. Restricting the rights of residents to exercise free speech, to peaceably assemble and gather in large groups, and to petition government for the redress of grievances, and restricting any other First Amendment right in any way that was not codified in law prior to the emergency or disaster;

- 7. Restricting the rights of residents to exercise any Second
 Amendment right in any way that was not codified in law prior to the
 emergency or disaster; and
- 8. Restricting the rights of residents to travel freely in any way that was not codified in law prior to the emergency or disaster.
- E. Any government official, elected or employed, who violates the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not more than five (5) years, a fine not more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00), or by both such imprisonment and fine. The convicted government official shall also be subject to:
 - 1. Removal from his or her office or position;
- 2. Prohibition from holding any future elected or public office;
- 3. A fine of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation;
 22 and
- 4. Personal assumption of all liability where the government would otherwise be liable.

1	SECTION 2. T	his act shal	l become e	effective	November	1, 2	025.
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