1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA			
2	1st Session of the 58th Legislature (2021)			
3	SENATE BILL 448 By: Taylor			
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6	AS INTRODUCED			
7	An Act relating to solid waste management; amending			
8	27A O.S. 2011, Section 2-10-103, as amended by Section 1, Chapter 194, O.S.L. 2012 (27A O.S. Supp. 2020, Section 2-10-103), which relates to the Oklahoma Solid Waste Management Act; adding			
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10	definitions; modifying definitions; and providing an effective date.			
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:			
14	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 27A O.S. 2011, Section 2-10-103,			
15	as amended by Section 1, Chapter 194, O.S.L. 2012 (27A O.S. Supp.			
16	2020, Section 2-10-103), is amended to read as follows:			
17	Section 2-10-103. As used in the Oklahoma Solid Waste			
18	Management Act:			
19	1. "Advanced recycling" means a manufacturing process for the			
20	conversion of post-use polymers and recovered feedstocks into basic			
21	hydrocarbon raw materials, feedstocks, chemicals, liquid fuels and			
22	other products like waxes and lubricants through processes that			
23	include pyrolysis, gasification, depolymerization, catalytic			
24	cracking, reforming, hydrogenation, solvolysis and other similar			

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1	technologies. The recycled products produced at advanced recycling			
2	facilities include, but are not limited to, monomers, oligomers,			
3	plastics, plastics and chemical feedstocks, basic and unfinished			
4	chemicals, crude oil, naphtha, liquid transportation fuels, waxes,			
5	lubricants, coatings and other basic hydrocarbons. Advanced			
6	recycling shall not be considered disposal, as defined in Section 2-			
7	7-103 of this title, sold waste management system, as defined in			
8	this section or incineration;			
9	2. "Advanced recycling facility" means a manufacturing facility			
10	that receives, stores and converts post-use polymers and recovered			
11	feedstocks it receives using advanced recycling. An advanced			
12	recycling facility shall be subject to applicable Department of			
13	Environmental Quality manufacturing regulations for air, water,			
14	waste and land use. Advanced recycling facilities shall not be			
15	considered disposal sites, solid waste management systems, transfer			
16	stations, as defined in this section or incineration;			
17	3. "Affiliated person" means:			
18	a. any officer, director or partner of the applicant,			
19	b. any person employed by the applicant as general or key			
20	manager who directs the operations of the site,			
21	transfer station $_{\overline{r}}$ or facility which is the subject of			
22	the application, or			
23	c. any person owning or controlling more than five			
24 2 7	percent (5%) of the applicant's debt or equity;			

1 2. 4. "Commercial composting facility" means a composting
2 facility that:

3	a. is not owned or operated by a governmental entity,		
4	b. receives one hundred (100) tons or more per year of		
5	material for composting, any part of which consists of		
6	food waste, and		
7	c. principally accepts material for composting that is		
8	not agricultural in origin;		
9	3. 5. "Composting facility" means a facility in which material		
10	is converted, under thermophilic conditions, to a product with a		
11	high humus content for use as a soil amendment or to prevent or		
12	remediate pollutants in soil, air $_{ au}$ or stormwater run-off;		
13	6. "Depolymerization" means a manufacturing process where post-		
14	use polymers, as defined in this section, are broken into smaller		
15	molecules such as monomers and oligomers or raw, intermediate or		
16	final products, plastics and chemical feedstocks, basic and		
17	unfinished chemicals, crude oil, naphtha, liquid transportation		
18	fuels, waxes, lubricants, coatings and other basic hydrocarbons;		
19	4. 7. "Disclosure statement" means a written statement by the		
20	applicant which contains:		
21	a. the full name, business address $_{ au}$ and social security		
22	number of the applicant $_{ au}$ and all affiliated persons,		
23	b. the full name and business address of any legal entity		
24 23	in which the applicant holds a debt or equity interest		

1 of at least five percent (5%) or which is a parent 2 company or subsidiary of the applicant $\overline{\tau}$ and a 3 description of the ongoing organizational 4 relationships as they may impact operations within the 5 state,

- с. a description of the experience and credentials of the applicant, including any past or present permits, licenses, certifications \overline{T} or operational authorizations relating to environmental regulation,
- d. a listing and explanation of any administrative, civil 11 or criminal legal actions against the applicant and 12 affiliated person which resulted in a final agency 13 order or final judgment by a court of record $_{\overline{r}}$ 14 including final order or judgment on appeal, in the 15 ten (10) years immediately preceding the filing of the 16 application relating to solid or hazardous waste. 17 Such action shall include, without limitations, any 18 permit denial or any sanction imposed by a state 19 regulatory agency or the United States Environmental 20 Protection Agency, and
 - a listing of any federal environmental agency and any e. state environmental agency that has or has had regulatory responsibility over the applicant;
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1 5. 8. "Disposal site" means any place τ including, but not 2 limited to, a transfer station or a roofing material recycling 3 facility, at which solid waste is dumped, abandoned, or accepted or 4 disposed of by incineration, land filling, composting, shredding, 5 compaction, baling or any other method or by processing by 6 pyrolysis, resource recovery or any other method, technique or 7 process designed to change the physical, chemical or biological 8 character or composition of any solid waste so as to render such 9 waste safe or nonhazardous, amenable to transport, recovery or 10 storage or reduced in volume. A disposal site shall not include a 11 manufacturing facility which processes scrap materials which have 12 been separated for collection and processing as industrial raw 13 materials:

¹⁴ 6. <u>9.</u> "Dwelling" means a permanently-constructed, habitable ¹⁵ structure designed and constructed for full-time occupancy in all ¹⁶ weather conditions, which is not readily mobile and shall include ¹⁷ but not be limited to a manufactured home as such term is defined by ¹⁸ paragraph <u>16</u> <u>17</u> of Section 1102 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma ¹⁹ Statutes;

²⁰ 7. <u>10.</u> "Final closure" means those measures for providing final ²¹ capping material, proper drainage, perennial vegetative cover, ²² maintenance, monitoring and other closure actions required for the ²³ site by rules of the Board;

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1	11. "Gasification" means a manufacturing process through which			
2	recovered feedstocks are heated and converted into a fuel and gas			
3	mixture in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere and the mixture is			
4	converted into valuable raw, intermediate and final products			
5	including but not limited to plastic monomers, chemicals, waxes,			
6	lubricants, chemical feedstocks, crude oil, diesel, gasoline and			
7	diesel and gasoline blendstocks, home heating oil and other fuels			
8	including ethanol and transportation fuel that are returned to			
9	economic utility in the form of raw materials, products or fuels;			
10	$rac{8.}{12.}$ "Inert waste" means any solid waste that is insoluble in			
11	water, chemically inactive, that will not leach contaminants, or is			
12	commonly found as a significant percentage of residential solid			
13	waste;			
14	9. <u>13.</u> "History of noncompliance" means any past operations by			

15 an applicant or affiliated persons which clearly indicate a reckless 16 disregard for environmental regulation, or a demonstrated pattern of 17 prohibited conduct which could reasonably be expected to result in 18 adverse environmental impact if a permit were issued, as evidenced 19 by findings, conclusions and rulings of any final agency order or 20 final order or judgment of a court of record;

²¹ 10. <u>14.</u> "Integrated solid waste management plan" means a plan ²² that provides for the integrated management of all solid waste ²³ within the planning unit and embodies sound principles of solid ²⁴

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1 waste management, natural resources conservation, energy production, 2 and employment-creating opportunities;

3 11. 15. "Lithified earth material" means all rock_{τ} including 4 all naturally occurring and naturally formed aggregates or masses of 5 minerals or small particles of older rock that formed by 6 crystallization of magma or by induration of loose sediments. The 7 term "lithified earth material" shall not include man-made 8 materials, such as fill, concrete, and asphalt, or unconsolidated 9 earth materials, soil τ or regolith lying at or near the earth's 10 surface;

¹¹ 12. <u>16.</u> "Maximum horizontal acceleration in lithified earth ¹² material" means the maximum expected horizontal acceleration ¹³ depicted on a seismic hazard map, with a ninety percent (90%) or ¹⁴ greater probability that the acceleration will not be exceeded in ¹⁵ two hundred fifty (250) years, or the maximum expected horizontal ¹⁶ acceleration based on a site-specific seismic risk assessment;

¹⁷ 13. <u>17.</u> "Monofill" means a landfill which is used to dispose of a single type of specified nonhazardous industrial solid waste, except for other nonhazardous industrial solid wastes which are not readily separable from the specified waste;

²¹ <u>14. 18.</u> "Nonhazardous industrial solid waste" means any of the ²² following wastes deemed by the Department to require special ²³ handling:

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a. unusable industrial or chemical products,

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1	b.	solid waste generated by the release of an industrial	
2		product to the environment, or	
3	с.	solid waste generated by a manufacturing or industrial	
4		process.	
5	The term <u>`</u> non	hazardous industrial solid waste <u>"</u> shall not include	
6	waste that is	regulated as hazardous waste or is commonly found as a	
7	significant p	ercentage of residential solid waste;	
8	15. <u>19.</u>	"Person" means any individual, corporation, company,	
9	firm, partner	ship, association, trust, state agency, government	
10	instrumentali	ty or agency, institution, county, any incorporated	
11	city or town	or municipal authority or trust in which any	
12	governmental	entity is a beneficiary, venture $_{ au}$ or other legal entity	
13	however organized;		
14	20. "Post-use polymer" means a plastic:		
15	<u>a.</u>	that is derived from any industrial, commercial,	
16		agricultural or domestic activities,	
17	b.	that is not mixed with solid waste or hazardous waste	
18		onsite or during processing at the advanced recycling	
19		facility,	
20	<u>C.</u>	that the use or intended use of the plastic is as a	
21		feedstock for the manufacturing of crude oil, fuels,	
22		feedstocks, blendstocks, raw materials or other	
23		intermediate products or final products using advanced	
24		recycling,	

1	d. that has been sorted from solid waste and other			
2	regulated waste but may contain residual amounts of			
3	solid waste such as organic material and incidental			
4	contaminants or impurities, and			
5	e. that is processed at an advanced recycling facility or			
6	held at such facility prior to processing,			
7	Post-use polymer shall not be considered solid waste, as defined in			
8	this section;			
9	21. "Pyrolysis" means a manufacturing process through which			
10	post-use polymers are heated in the absence of oxygen until melted			
11	and thermally decomposed and then cooled, condensed and converted			
12	into valuable raw, intermediate and final products including but not			
13	limited to plastic monomers, chemicals, waxes, lubricants, chemical			
14	feedstocks, crude oil, diesel, gasoline and diesel and gasoline			
15	blendstocks, home heating oil and other fuels including ethanol and			
16	transportation fuel that are returned to economic utility in the			
17	form of raw materials, products or fuels;			
18	22. "Recovered feedstock" means one or more of the following			
19	materials that has been processed so that it may be used as			
20	feedstock in an advanced recycling facility:			
21	a. post-use polymers, and/or			
22	b. materials for which the United States environmental			
23	protection agency has made a nonwaste determination			
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pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 241.3(c), or has otherwise determined are feedstocks and not solid waste.
Recovered feedstock shall not include unprocessed municipal
solid waste or any material mixed with solid waste or hazardous
waste onsite or during processing at an advanced recycling facility.
Recovered feedstock shall not be considered "waste" or "solid
waste";

8 16. 23. "Recycling" means to reuse a material that would 9 otherwise be disposed of as waste, with or without reprocessing; 10 17. 24. "Roofing Material" means all material associated with a 11 roofing project that is debris or is otherwise not intended for 12 future use by the roofer or the property owner τ including but not 13 limited to shingles made from asphalt, fiberglass, composite, or 14 wood, as well as decking, flashing, fasteners, insulation $_{\overline{\tau}}$ and 15 associated packaging materials;

¹⁶ 18. <u>25.</u> "Roofing material recycling facility" means a site or ¹⁷ facility at which roofing material is processed for alternative ¹⁸ uses, or is accumulated for the purpose of processing or selling all ¹⁹ or parts of the roofing material for alternative uses, including but ²⁰ not limited to road construction;

²¹ 19. <u>26.</u> "Seismic impact zone" means an area with a ten percent ²² (10%) or greater probability that the maximum horizontal ²³ acceleration in lithified earth material, expressed as a percentage ²⁴

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1 of the earth's gravitational pull (g), will exceed 0.10g in two
2 hundred fifty (250) years;

3 20. 27. "Solid waste" means all putrescible and nonputrescible 4 refuse in solid, semisolid, or liquid form including, but not 5 limited to, garbage, rubbish, ashes or incinerator residue, street 6 refuse, dead animals, demolition wastes, construction wastes, 7 roofing material, solid or semisolid commercial and industrial 8 wastes including explosives, biomedical wastes, chemical wastes, 9 herbicide and pesticide wastes. The term "solid waste" shall not 10 include:

- a. scrap materials, not including roofing materials,
 which are source separated for collection and
 processing as industrial raw materials, except when
 contained in the waste collected by or in behalf of a
 solid waste management system, or
- b. used motor oil, which shall not be considered to be a solid waste, but shall be considered a deleterious substance, if the used motor oil is recycled for energy reclamation and is ultimately destroyed when recycled,
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 c. post-use polymers or recovered feedstocks that are

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 processed at an advanced recycling facility or are

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 held at such facility prior to processing to ensure

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 production is not interrupted;

¹ <u>21. 28.</u> "Solid waste management system" means the system that ² may be developed for the purpose of collection and disposal of solid ³ waste by any person engaging in such process as a business or by any ⁴ municipality, authority, trust, county or by any combination thereof ⁵ at one or more disposal sites;

⁶ 22. <u>29.</u> "Solid waste planning unit" means any county or any
⁷ part thereof, incorporated city or town, or municipal authority or
⁸ trust in which any governmental entity is a beneficiary, venture, or
⁹ other legal entity however organized, which the Department
¹⁰ determines to be capable of planning and implementing an integrated
¹¹ solid waste management program;

¹² <u>30. "Solvolysis" means a manufacturing process through which</u> ¹³ <u>post-use polymers are purified with the aid of solvents, allowing</u> ¹⁴ <u>additives and contaminants to be removed. The products of</u> ¹⁵ <u>solvolysis are polymers capable of being recycled or reused without</u> ¹⁶ <u>first being reverted to a monomer. The process includes but is not</u> ¹⁷ <u>limited to hydrolysis, aminolysis, ammonoloysis, methanolysis and</u> ¹⁸ glycolysis;

¹⁹ 23. <u>31.</u> "Transfer station" means any disposal site, processing ²⁰ facility or other place where solid waste is transferred from a ²¹ vehicle or container to another vehicle or container for ²² transportation, including but not limited to a barge or railroad ²³ unloading facility where solid waste, in bulk or in containers, is

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1 unloaded, stored, processed or transported for any purpose. The 2 term "transfer station" shall not include the following: 3 a facility, such as an apartment complex or a large a. 4 manufacturing plant, where the solid waste that is 5 transferred has been generated by the occupants, 6 residents $\overline{\tau}$ or functions of the facility, 7 b. a citizens' collection station, or 8 с. a waste collection system which leaves collected solid 9 waste in enclosed containers along the collection 10 route for later transport to a recycling or disposal 11 facility serving the area; and 12 24. 32. "Waste reduction" means to reduce the volume of waste 13 requiring disposal. 14 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2021. 15 16 58-1-1406 APW 1/19/2021 9:17:00 AM 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 _ _