

1 ENGROSSED HOUSE AMENDMENT
TO
2 ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 1128 By: Yen of the Senate
3 and
4 Derby of the House
5
6

7 [Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act -
8 electronic prescribing system - codification -
effective date]
9
10

11 AUTHOR: Add the following House Coauthor: Downing

12 AMENDMENT NO. 1. Replace the stricken title, enacting clause and
entire bill and insert
13

14 "An Act relating to public health and safety;
15 amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as last
16 amended by Section 1, Chapter 43, O.S.L. 2017 (63
17 O.S. Supp. 2017, Section 2-101), which relates to
18 the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;
19 adding definition; providing limits on practitioners
20 when issuing initial prescriptions for opioid drugs;
21 directing practitioners to perform certain functions
22 prior to issuing initial prescriptions for Schedule
23 II controlled dangerous substances or opioids;
24 authorizing issuance of subsequent prescriptions
under certain circumstances; authorizing fourteen-
day and subsequent prescriptions after major
surgical procedures; requiring practitioners to
disclose health risks associated with opioids;
requiring practitioner to include certain note in
medical file of patient; directing practitioners to
enter into pain-management agreements with patients
upon issuance of third prescription; establishing
requirements for practitioners to follow when
continuously prescribing opioids to a patient for

1 three or more months; providing exception to
2 prescribing requirements for certain patients;
3 requiring that policies, contracts and plans adjust
4 certain cost-sharing payment; directing providers to
5 adopt certain written policies; providing for
6 codification; and providing an effective date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

7 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as
8 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 43, O.S.L. 2017 (63 O.S. Supp.
9 2017, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows:

10 Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
11 Substances Act:

12 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled
13 dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or
14 any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research
15 subject by:

16 a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the
17 practitioner, by the authorized agent of the
18 practitioner), or

19 b. the patient or research subject at the direction and
20 in the presence of the practitioner;

21 2. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on
22 behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
23 Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf
24 of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes,

1 dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes
2 controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or
3 contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person
4 required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
5 Substances Act;

6 3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the
7 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

8 4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
9 Dangerous Drugs Control;

10 5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound,
11 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca
12 leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain
13 cocaine or ecgonine;

14 6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the
15 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

16 7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a
17 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled
18 Dangerous Substances Act;

19 8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or
20 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform
21 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or
22 immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a
23 federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and
24

1 federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a
2 substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

3 9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which,
4 or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears
5 the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint,
6 number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,
7 distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact
8 manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;

9 10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or
10 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled
11 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is
12 an agency relationship;

13 11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous
14 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or
15 pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the
16 prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding
17 necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution.

18 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous
19 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

20 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering
21 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

22 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the
23 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous
24 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the

1 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State
2 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

3 14. "Drug" means articles:

4 a. recognized in the official United States

5 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of
6 the United States, or official National Formulary, or
7 any supplement to any of them,

8 b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
9 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other
10 animals,

11 c. other than food, intended to affect the structure or
12 any function of the body of man or other animals, and

13 d. intended for use as a component of any article
14 specified in this paragraph;

15 provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their
16 components, parts or accessories;

17 15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a
18 controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or
19 physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that
20 controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug
21 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which
22 include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous
23 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the
24 discomfort of its absence;

1 16. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship,
2 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which
3 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or
4 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place
5 of residence;

6 17. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care
7 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee;

8 18. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or
9 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides
10 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill
11 patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a
12 centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed,
13 nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to
14 the provisions of this act. A hospice program offers palliative and
15 supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of the
16 physical, emotional and spiritual stresses which are experienced
17 during the final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement.
18 This care is available twenty-four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days
19 a week, and is provided on the basis of need, regardless of ability
20 to pay. "Class A" Hospice refers to Medicare certified hospices.
21 "Class B" refers to all other providers of hospice services;

22 19. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that is
23 not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit
24 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made,

1 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a
2 controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the
3 dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the
4 substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or
5 authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other
6 factors, the following factors as related to "representations made"
7 in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled
8 substance":

- 9 a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in
10 control of the substance concerning the nature of the
11 substance, or its use or effect,
- 12 b. statements made to the recipient that the substance
13 may be resold for inordinate profit,
- 14 c. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally
15 used for illicit controlled substances,
- 16 d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or
17 person in control of the substance to avoid detection
18 by law enforcement authorities,
- 19 e. prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other
20 person in control of the object, under state or
21 federal law related to controlled substances or fraud,
22 and
- 23 f. the proximity of the substances to controlled
24 dangerous substances;

1 20. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Director
2 has found to be and by regulation designates as being the principal
3 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is
4 an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in
5 the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of
6 which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture;

7 21. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the Director as
8 proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous
9 substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances for
10 scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction;

11 22. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation,
12 propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous
13 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from
14 substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means
15 of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical
16 synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages,
17 repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous
18 substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound
19 prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

20 23. "Marihuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa
21 L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted
22 from any part of such plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt,
23 derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, its seeds or
24 resin, but shall not include:

- 1 a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from
2 such stalks,
- 3 b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,
4 including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the
5 marihuana plant,
- 6 c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
7 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
8 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol
9 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
- 10 d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable
11 of germination,
- 12 e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to
13 administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe
14 forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this
15 title, a drug or substance approved by the federal
16 Food and Drug Administration for use by those
17 participants,
- 18 f. for any person or the parents, legal guardians or
19 caretakers of the person who have received a written
20 certification from a physician licensed in this state
21 that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as
22 having Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome, Dravet Syndrome, also
23 known as Severe Myoclonic Epilepsy of Infancy, or any
24 other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately

1 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity
2 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia,
3 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation
4 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance
5 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in
6 the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation
7 thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration
8 of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)
9 and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a
10 liquid,

11 g. any federal Food and Drug Administration-approved
12 cannabidiol drug or substance, or

13 h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and
14 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a
15 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more
16 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry
17 weight basis which shall not be grown anywhere in the
18 State of Oklahoma but may be shipped to Oklahoma
19 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph e or f of
20 this paragraph;

21 24. "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a
22 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for
23 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in
24

1 violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of
2 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

3 25. "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced practice nurse
4 as defined and within parameters specified in Section 567.3a of
5 Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified animal euthanasia
6 technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma
7 Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by the Oklahoma
8 State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control under
9 subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the parameters of
10 such officer's duty under Sections 501 through 508 of Title 4 of the
11 Oklahoma Statutes;

12 26. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether
13 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of
14 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis,
15 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

- 16 a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,
- 17 b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or
18 preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,
- 19 c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and
20 salts of isomers,
- 21 d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and
22 salts of isomers, and
- 23 e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,
24 derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically

1 identical with any of the substances referred to in
2 subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except
3 that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-
4 101 et seq. of this title shall not include
5 decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves,
6 which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

7 27. "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or
8 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable
9 of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or
10 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless
11 specifically designated as controlled under the Uniform Controlled
12 Dangerous Substances Act, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-
13 methyl-morphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include
14 its racemic and levorotatory forms;

15 28. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *Papaver*
16 *somniferum* L., except the seeds thereof;

17 29. "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy
18 sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the
19 Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or
20 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state
21 or of the United States;

22 30. "Person" means an individual, corporation, government or
23 governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust,
24 partnership or association, or any other legal entity;

1 31. "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the
2 opium poppy, after mowing;

3 32. "Practitioner" means:

- 4 a. (1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
5 (2) a dentist,
6 (3) a podiatrist,
7 (4) an optometrist,
8 (5) a veterinarian,
9 (6) a physician assistant under the supervision of a
10 licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
11 (7) a scientific investigator, or
12 (8) any other person,
13 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
14 prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with
15 respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer
16 a controlled dangerous substance in the course of
17 professional practice or research in this state, or
18 b. a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution
19 licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
20 distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect
21 to, use for scientific purposes or administer a
22 controlled dangerous substance in the course of
23 professional practice or research in this state;

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1 33. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting,
2 cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous
3 substance;

4 34. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state of
5 the United States;

6 35. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a
7 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the
8 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to
9 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's
10 household;

11 36. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and
12 materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned
13 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing,
14 harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,
15 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging,
16 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or
17 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous
18 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
19 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

20 a. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically
21 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing
22 or harvesting of any species of plant which is a
23 controlled dangerous substance or from which a
24 controlled dangerous substance can be derived,

- 1 b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically
2 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting,
3 producing, processing or preparing controlled
4 dangerous substances,
- 5 c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or
6 fashioned specifically for use in increasing the
7 potency of any species of plant which is a controlled
8 dangerous substance,
- 9 d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned
10 specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing
11 the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled
12 dangerous substances,
- 13 e. scales and balances used, intended for use, or
14 fashioned specifically for use in weighing or
15 measuring controlled dangerous substances,
- 16 f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine
17 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and
18 lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned
19 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous
20 substances,
- 21 g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or
22 fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and
23 seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining,
24 marihuana,

- 1 h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices
2 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
3 use in compounding controlled dangerous substances,
- 4 i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers
5 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
6 use in packaging small quantities of controlled
7 dangerous substances,
- 8 j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,
9 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally
10 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the
11 human body,
- 12 k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used,
13 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in
14 parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances
15 into the human body,
- 16 l. objects used, intended for use, or fashioned
17 specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling or
18 otherwise introducing marihuana, cocaine, hashish or
19 hashish oil into the human body, such as:
- 20 (1) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or
21 ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent
22 screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
- 23 (2) water pipes,
- 24 (3) carburetion tubes and devices,

1 (4) smoking and carburetion masks,
2 (5) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
3 material, such as a marihuana cigarette, that has
4 become too small or too short to be held in the
5 hand,
6 (6) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
7 (7) chamber pipes,
8 (8) carburetor pipes,
9 (9) electric pipes,
10 (10) air-driven pipes,
11 (11) chillums,
12 (12) bonges, or
13 (13) ice pipes or chillers,
14 m. all hidden or novelty pipes, and
15 n. any pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
16 than one-half (1/2) inch in diameter in which there is
17 any detectable residue of any controlled dangerous
18 substance as defined in this section or any other
19 substances not legal for possession or use;
20 provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include
21 separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps
22 used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for
23 ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance
24 is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco,

1 traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony,
2 or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older;

3 37. a. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance:

4 (1) the chemical structure of which is substantially
5 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled
6 dangerous substance in Schedule I or II,

7 (2) which has a stimulant, depressant, or
8 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
9 system that is substantially similar to or
10 greater than the stimulant, depressant or
11 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous
12 system of a controlled dangerous substance in
13 Schedule I or II, or

14 (3) with respect to a particular person, which such
15 person represents or intends to have a stimulant,
16 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
17 central nervous system that is substantially
18 similar to or greater than the stimulant,
19 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the
20 central nervous system of a controlled dangerous
21 substance in Schedule I or II.

22 b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other
23 chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of
24 this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to

1 subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is
2 a synthetic controlled substance.

3 c. "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include:

4 (1) a controlled dangerous substance,

5 (2) any substance for which there is an approved new
6 drug application,

7 (3) with respect to a particular person any
8 substance, if an exemption is in effect for
9 investigational use, for that person under the
10 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food,
11 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United
12 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct
13 with respect to such substance is pursuant to
14 such exemption, or

15 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for
16 human consumption before such an exemption takes
17 effect with respect to that substance.

18 d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing
19 salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or
20 chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a
21 rebuttable presumption that the substance is a
22 synthetic controlled substance;

1 38. "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have been
2 chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of
3 marihuana;

4 39. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in
5 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4
6 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in
7 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means
8 the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4
9 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer"
10 means the optical or geometric isomer;

11 40. "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid,
12 liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant
13 life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or
14 federal guidelines; ~~and~~

15 41. "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits
16 cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia; and

17 42. "Major surgical procedure" means any surgical procedure
18 defined by the appropriate licensing authority.

19 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-309I of Title 63, unless there
21 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 A. A practitioner shall not issue an initial prescription for
23 an opioid drug which is a prescription drug in a quantity exceeding
24 a seven-day supply for treatment of acute pain for an adult patient,

1 or a seven-day supply for treatment of acute pain for a patient
2 under the age of eighteen (18) years old. Any prescription for
3 acute pain pursuant to this subsection shall be for the lowest
4 effective dose of immediate-release opioid drug.

5 B. Prior to issuing an initial prescription of a Schedule II
6 controlled dangerous substance or any opioid drug that is a
7 prescription drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic
8 pain, a practitioner shall:

9 1. Take and document the results of a thorough medical history,
10 including the experience of the patient with nonopioid medication
11 and nonpharmacological pain-management approaches and substance
12 abuse history;

13 2. Conduct, as appropriate, and document the results of a
14 physical examination;

15 3. Develop a treatment plan with particular attention focused
16 on determining the cause of pain of the patient;

17 4. Access relevant prescription monitoring information from the
18 central repository pursuant to Section 2-309D of Title 63 of the
19 Oklahoma Statutes;

20 5. Limit the supply of any opioid drug prescribed for acute
21 pain to a duration of no more than seven (7) days as determined by
22 the directed dosage and frequency of dosage;

23

24

1 6. In the case of a patient under the age of eighteen (18)
2 years old, enter into a patient-provider agreement with a parent or
3 guardian of the patient; and

4 7. In the case of a patient who is a pregnant woman, enter into
5 a patient-provider agreement with the patient.

6 C. Except as provided for in subsection D of this section, no
7 less than seven (7) days after issuing the initial prescription
8 pursuant to subsection A of this section, the practitioner, after
9 consultation with the patient, may issue a subsequent prescription
10 for the drug to the patient in a quantity not to exceed seven (7)
11 days, provided that:

12 1. The subsequent prescription would not be deemed an initial
13 prescription under this section;

14 2. The practitioner determines the prescription is necessary
15 and appropriate to the treatment needs of the patient and documents
16 the rationale for the issuance of the subsequent prescription; and

17 3. The practitioner determines that issuance of the subsequent
18 prescription does not present an undue risk of abuse, addiction or
19 diversion and documents that determination.

20 D. Up to a fourteen-day supply may be initially prescribed
21 after the performance of a major surgical procedure that
22 necessitates deviation from the initial seven-day supply limit,
23 provided that:

24

1 1. The prescriber, in his or her professional judgment,
2 believes that more than a seven-day supply of such an opioid is
3 medically necessary to treat the acute pain of a patient due to a
4 surgical procedure;

5 2. The prescriber indicates "SURGICAL ACUTE PAIN EXCEPTION" on
6 the prescription; and

7 3. The prescriber adequately documents in the medical records
8 of the patient the acute medical condition and lack of alternative
9 treatment options that justify deviation from the initial seven-day
10 supply limit of this section.

11 When deemed medically necessary to continue treating the acute
12 pain of the patient, the prescriber may issue no more than one
13 subsequent prescription for a seven-day supply of a Schedule II
14 controlled dangerous substance.

15 E. Prior to issuing the initial prescription of a Schedule II
16 controlled dangerous substance or any opioid drug that is a
17 prescription drug in a course of treatment for acute or chronic pain
18 and again prior to issuing the third prescription of the course of
19 treatment, a practitioner shall discuss with the patient or the
20 parent or guardian of the patient if the patient is under eighteen
21 (18) years of age and is not an emancipated minor, the risks
22 associated with the drugs being prescribed, including but not
23 limited to:

- 1 1. The risks of addiction and overdose associated with opioid
2 drugs and the dangers of taking opioid drugs with alcohol,
3 benzodiazepines and other central nervous system depressants;
- 4 2. The reasons why the prescription is necessary;
- 5 3. Alternative treatments that may be available; and
- 6 4. Risks associated with the use of the drugs being prescribed,
7 specifically that opioids are highly addictive, even when taken as
8 prescribed, that there is a risk of developing a physical or
9 psychological dependence on the controlled dangerous substance, and
10 that the risks of taking more opioids than prescribed or mixing
11 sedatives, benzodiazepines or alcohol with opioids can result in
12 fatal respiratory depression.

13 The practitioner shall include a note in the medical record of
14 the patient that the patient or the parent or guardian of the
15 patient, as applicable, has discussed with the practitioner the
16 risks of developing a physical or psychological dependence on the
17 controlled dangerous substance and alternative treatments that may
18 be available. The applicable state licensing board of the
19 practitioner shall develop and make available to practitioners
20 guidelines for the discussion required pursuant to this subsection.

21 F. At the time of the issuance of the third prescription for a
22 prescription opioid drug, the practitioner shall enter into a pain-
23 management agreement with the patient.

1 G. When a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance or any
2 prescription opioid drug is continuously prescribed for three (3)
3 months or more for chronic pain, the practitioner shall:

4 1. Review, at a minimum of every three (3) months, the course
5 of treatment, any new information about the etiology of the pain,
6 and the progress of the patient toward treatment objectives and
7 document the results of that review;

8 2. Assess the patient to determine whether the patient is
9 experiencing problems associated with physical and psychological
10 dependence and document the results of that assessment;

11 3. Periodically make reasonable efforts, unless clinically
12 contraindicated, to either stop the use of the controlled substance,
13 decrease the dosage, try other drugs or treatment modalities in an
14 effort to reduce the potential for abuse or the development of
15 physical or psychological dependence and document with specificity
16 the efforts undertaken;

17 4. Review the central repository information in accordance with
18 Section 2-309D of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and

19 5. Monitor compliance with the patient-provider agreement and
20 any recommendations that the patient seek a referral.

21 H. This section shall not apply to a prescription for a patient
22 who is currently in active treatment for cancer, receiving hospice
23 care from a licensed hospice or palliative care, or is a resident of
24 a long-term care facility, or to any medications that are being

1 prescribed for use in the treatment of substance abuse or opioid
2 dependence.

3 I. Every policy, contract or plan delivered, issued, executed
4 or renewed in this state, or approved for issuance or renewal in
5 this state by the Insurance Commissioner, and every contract
6 purchased by the Employees Group Insurance Division of the Office of
7 Management and Enterprise Services, on or after the effective date
8 of this act, that provides coverage for prescription drugs subject
9 to a copayment, coinsurance or deductible shall charge a copayment,
10 coinsurance or deductible for an initial prescription of an opioid
11 drug prescribed pursuant to this section that is either:

12 1. Proportional between the cost-sharing for a thirty-day
13 supply and the amount of drugs the patient was prescribed; or

14 2. Equivalent to the cost-sharing for a full thirty-day supply
15 of the opioid drug; provided, that no additional cost-sharing may be
16 charged for any additional prescriptions for the remainder of the
17 thirty-day supply.

18 J. Any provider authorized to prescribe opioids shall adopt and
19 maintain a written policy or policies that include execution of a
20 written agreement to engage in an informed consent process between
21 the prescribing provider and qualifying opioid therapy patient. For
22 the purposes of this section, "qualifying opioid therapy patient"
23 means:

24

1 1. A patient requiring opioid treatment for more than three (3)
2 months;

3 2. A patient who is prescribed benzodiazepines and opioids
4 together; or

5 3. A patient who is prescribed a dose of opioids that exceeds
6 one hundred (100) morphine equivalent doses.

7 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2018."

8 Passed the House of Representatives the 26th day of April, 2018.

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Presiding Officer of the House of
Representatives

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Passed the Senate the ____ day of _____, 2018.

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Presiding Officer of the Senate

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