1 SENATE FLOOR VERSION March 1, 2011 2 3 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 494 4 By: Barrington of the Senate 5 and McNiel of the House 6 7 8 9 An Act relating to trespass; amending Section 4, Chapter 268, O.S.L. 2006, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 458, O.S.L. 2009 (21 O.S. Supp. 2010, 10 Section 1835.2), which relates to trespassing upon private lands; adding statutory reference; creating 11 the Oklahoma Private Lands and Public Recreation Act; 12 providing short title; defining terms; allowing prima facie evidence to be used in certain circumstances; stating certain prohibitions; providing for 13 penalties; allowing any law enforcement official to issue citation to persons in violation of certain 14 law; providing for restitution; stating certain offenses to be aggravated in certain circumstances; 15 providing penalty for aggravated violation; authorizing certain licenses to be revoked for 16 certain reasons; exempting certain property owners from certain duty; providing exceptions; defining 17 term; providing scope of applicability; clarifying liability; providing for codification; providing an 18 effective date; and declaring an emergency. 19 20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 21 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY Section 4, Chapter 268, O.S.L. 2.2 2006, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 458, O.S.L. 2009 (21 23 O.S. Supp. 2010, Section 1835.2), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1835.2 A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1835 of this title and Sections 2 through 11 of this act, the following provisions apply to private land that is primarily devoted to farming, ranching, or forestry purposes:

- 1. Except as provided in this section, whoever willfully enters private land of another that is primarily devoted to farming, ranching, or forestry purposes without permission by the owner or lawful occupant thereof shall be deemed guilty of trespass and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) nor more than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00), and in addition, the court shall order restitution for actual damages incurred. Persons convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this paragraph shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine in any sum not less than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) nor more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00), or by confinement in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and in addition, the court shall order restitution for actual damages incurred;
  - 2. This provision shall not apply to peace officers as defined in Section 99 of this title or any federal, state, or local government employees engaged in the performance of their duties, or to any firefighters, emergency medical personnel, or public utility employees engaged in addressing an emergency that presents an

imminent danger to health, safety, or the environment in the performance of their duties, or to parties engaged in oil and gas operations, which shall include, without limitation, exploration, drilling, production and sales activities, under authority of mineral ownership, an oil and gas lease, seismic agreement or permit, gas gathering, purchase, transportation, or treating contracts, Corporation Commission order, or other lawful authority from persons entitled to give the same. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit railroad employees and emergency equipment from entering such land to restore rail service following an accident, derailment or natural disaster; nor the entrance of utility employees or contractors while acting in the scope of their employment; nor employees or contractors of valid easement or license holders while acting in the scope of their employment;

3. The following persons may enter such land of another unless forbidden to do so, either orally or in writing, by the owner or lawful occupier thereof: registered land surveyors and registered professional engineers for the purpose of land surveying in the performance of their professional services; persons in the sole process of retrieving their domestic livestock or other animals; persons making a delivery, selling a product or service, conducting a survey or poll, working on behalf of a candidate for political office, or who otherwise have a legitimate reason for entering and who, immediately upon entering, seek to conduct such business; and

- 1 4. Anyone who willfully or maliciously enters any such land of 2 another and therein commits or attempts to commit waste, theft, or damage shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 3 thereof, shall be fined in any sum not less than Two Hundred Fifty 4 5 Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by confinement in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days 6 nor more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, 7 and in addition, the court shall order restitution for actual 9 damages incurred. Persons convicted of a second or subsequent 10 offense under this paragraph shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine in any sum not less than Seven Hundred 11 Dollars (\$700.00) nor more than One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 12 (\$1,500.00), or by confinement in the county jail for not less than 13 thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, or by both such fine 14 and imprisonment, and in addition, the court shall order restitution 15 for actual damages. 16
  - B. This section shall not be construed to prohibit acts that are permitted pursuant to Section 5-202 or 6-304 of Title 29 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
  - C. 1. It shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution under paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section that the accused had express or implied permission or legal authority to be on the property.

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- 2. If an accused reasonably believed he or she was upon property for which they had permission to be upon, it shall be an affirmative defense to prosecution under paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section that the accused had with him or her, on his or her person, written permission from the owner or lawful occupant to be upon such person's land while the accused was upon any adjoining property. This defense shall not be available to the accused if:
  - a. the accused has previously pled guilty, nolo contendre, or has been convicted of any act of trespass or has been found civilly liable of any act of trespass, or
  - b. the accused, while the accused was upon the adjoining property, does not have with him or her, on his or her person, the written permission specified in this paragraph.
- SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.3 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Private Lands and Public Recreation Act".
- 21 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 22 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.4 of Title 21, unless there 23 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - As used in the Oklahoma Private Lands and Public Recreation Act:

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- 1. "Land" means all real property, land and water, and all structures, fixtures, equipment, and machinery thereon;
- 2. "Owner" means any individual, legal entity, or governmental agency that has any ownership or security interest, or lease or right of possession in land;
- 3. "Recreational use" means any activity undertaken for exercise, education, relaxation, or pleasure on land owned by another; and
- 4. "Recreational trespass" means remaining on land for a recreational use after being asked to leave by the owner, or the entry on land for a recreational use without the express or implied consent of the owner.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.5 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - It shall be prima facie evidence that a person is on land for a recreational use if the person is on the land of another without other explanation.
- 19 1. The absence of posting shall not by itself be sufficient to 20 imply consent.
  - 2. Consent shall not be implied if the land is posted.
  - 3. It shall be the obligation of the recreational user to establish implied consent as an affirmative defense;

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1	SECTION 5.	NEW LAW	A new section of law to be codified	L
2	in the Oklahoma	Statutes as	Section 1835.6 of Title 21, unless the	re
3	is created a dum	olication in	numbering, reads as follows:	

The following acts are prohibited:

- 1. Recreational trespass;
- 2. Any activity in which a vehicle is used to engage in mud bogging. Mud bogging includes, without limitation, traveling across terrain:
  - a. that has not been improved or designed to facilitate conventional vehicles, or
  - b. that is chosen for such travel because of its wet or muddy characteristics.
- 3. The destruction or removal of any property of the owner or vandalism of any sort while engaged in recreational use of the land of another;
- 4. Littering while engaged in recreational use of the land of another; and
- 5. Failure to leave any gates, doors, fences, road blocks and obstacles or signs in the condition in which they were found, while engaged in the recreational use of the land of another.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.7 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 Any person convicted of a trespass violation pursuant to Section

2 | 5 of this act shall be punished by a fine of Two Hundred Fifty

3 | Dollars (\$250.00) or imprisonment for not more than ten (10) days;

4 | for a second conviction within one (1) year after the first

5 | conviction, a fine of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or by

6 | imprisonment for not more than twenty (20) days; and upon a third or

subsequent conviction within one (1) year after the first

8 | conviction, a fine of Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)

9 or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both such

fine and imprisonment. A violation of each paragraph of Section 5

of this act shall be a separate offense.

12 | SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified

13 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.8 of Title 21, unless there

is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

15 A. Any local, county, or state law enforcement officer may

issue a citation to a person believed with probable cause to have

violated Section 5 of this act. The citation shall include the

following information:

19 1. The name, address, and hunting or fishing license, driver

license, or other recreational activity license number, if any, and

the date of birth of the alleged violator;

2. The name of the issuing law enforcement officer and the name

and address of the department;

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- 3. The violations alleged to have been committed by the
  defendant, with specific reference to the paragraphs of Section 5 of
  this act involved and a brief description of the activities alleged
  to be in violation;
  - 4. The amount of the penalty or forfeiture payable under Section 6 of this act, together with the costs that may be applicable;
- 5. A date, time, and place for the defendant to appear in court and notice to appear;
  - 6. Provisions for a payment of the citation and stipulation by the defendant in lieu of a court appearance;
  - 7. Notice that if the defendant neither pays the citation nor appears in court at the time fixed in the citation, the court may issue a summons or an arrest warrant; and
    - 8. Any other pertinent information.

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- B. If a person is cited, the person may pay the amount specified in the citation any time, up to the date specified in the citation for court appearance, by:
- 1. Mailing the amount and a copy of the citation to the court clerk in the county where the offense occurred; or
- 2. Going to the court clerk in the county where the offense occurred.
- C. The citation shall serve as the initial pleading and, not withstanding any other provision of law, shall be deemed adequate

- process to give the appropriate court jurisdiction over the defendant upon filing of the citation with the court.
- SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
  in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.9 of Title 21, unless there
  is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A court to which any penalty is paid pursuant to Section 7 of this act shall apply all of the amount paid minus costs to the owner of the land in question to recompense to the owner for damages or attorney fees or inconvenience suffered due to the violations of the Oklahoma Private Lands and Public Recreation Act that gave rise to the penalty. The restitutionary payment shall not prejudice or affect any other civil action which the owner may have for the damages or inconvenience.

- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.10 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A violation of paragraph 1 of Section 5 of this act shall be aggravated where in the course of the violation there occurs the driving of any automobile, motorcycle, trail bicycle, or any other motorized vehicle in a way as to endanger others or to cause damage to the land.
- B. The penalty for a violation of this section shall consist of a fine of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or imprisonment for not more than ten (10) days; for a second conviction within one (1) year

1 after the first conviction, by imprisonment for not more than twenty (20) days; and upon a third or subsequent conviction within one (1) year after the first conviction, by imprisonment for not more than 3 six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. A person may 4 5 not be charged for the same offense under this section and paragraph 1 of Section 5 of this act.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1835.11 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Under certification by a court that a conviction or a quilty or no contest plea respecting any violation of the Oklahoma Private Lands and Public Recreation Act has been recorded, any governmental entity which has issued a hunting, fishing, or other license for recreational activity may revoke the license and deny permission to reapply for a replacement license for a period of up to one (1) year from the date of the violation.

A new section of law to be codified SECTION 11. NEW LAW in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 80 of Title 76, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A possessor of land, including an owner, lessee, or other occupant, has no duty to make its premises safe for a trespasser and is not subject to liability for any injury to a trespasser.

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B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a possessor of land may be subject to liability for physical injury or death to a trespasser in the following situations:

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- 1. A land possessor who knows or reasonably should know of a trespasser's presence on the premises has a duty not to injure that trespasser by a wanton or intentional act, except as permitted by Sections 643 and 1289.25 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- 2. A land possessor may be subject to liability for physical injury or death to a child trespasser from a highly dangerous artificial condition on the land if the plaintiff establishes all of the following:
  - a. the possessor knew or had reason to know that children were likely to trespass at the location of the condition,
  - b. the condition is one the possessor knew or reasonably should have known was unusually attractive to children and involved an unreasonable risk of death or serious bodily harm,
  - c. the injured child was attracted onto the premises by the condition,
  - d. the child lacked the ability to appreciate or realize the risk,
  - e. the utility to the possessor of maintaining the condition and the burden of eliminating the danger

were slight as compared with the risk to the child involved, and

f. the child's injury was directly caused by the possessor's failure to exercise reasonable care to eliminate the danger or otherwise protect the child.

As a matter of law, a child under seven (7) years of age has no ability to appreciate the risk from highly dangerous artificial conditions. A child between seven (7) and fourteen (14) years of age is presumed to lack the ability to appreciate the risk from highly dangerous artificial conditions; this presumption may be overcome if the possessor proves by the greater weight of the evidence that the child had the ability to appreciate the danger on the premises at the time of the harm. A child trespasser who is fourteen (14) years of age or older has the burden of proving by the greater weight of the evidence that the child lacked the ability to appreciate the danger on the premises at the time of the harm.

- C. "Trespasser" means a person who enters the real estate of another without the permission of the person lawfully entitled to possession. Permission may be either expressed or implied.
- D. 1. This section shall not affect Section 16-71.7 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes relating to trespass upon agricultural land or Section 10.1 of Title 76 of the Oklahoma Statutes relating to trespass upon land used for recreational purposes not for profit.

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1	2. This section shall not create or increase the liability of		
2	any person or entity.		
3	SECTION 12. This act shall become effective July 1, 2011.		
4	SECTION 13. It being immediately necessary for the preservation		
5	of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby		
6	declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and		
7	be in full force from and after its passage and approval.		
8	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY, dated 2-24-11 - DO PASS, As Amended and Coauthored.		
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